G. R. S. IX-5]

Previous references.

File No. 90-15

1915.

(Edn:)

Serial Nos. NIL

Later references.

Edn: 90-16-17119

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

2

Serial Nos. NIL

Part B for

SUBJECT.

Telegram from the Govt: of India conveying their approval to the Introduction of the Mysore University.

W D 58—GPB—50,000—24-7-16

G. R. S. III—1]

1915.

2

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Eam)

NOTES.

File No. 90-15

FILE HEADING.

From

No.	Dated	Received

Diary No.	Enclos.	Spare Copies.	Serial No.

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

NOTES AND ORDERS.

NOTES—First Sheet.

WD 1232—GPB—20,000—18-11-15

G.R.S. 13]

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

Mis 5-41-15
EAA.

H

Submitted.

As at present arranged, the Mysore Residency has to be abolished from the 1st July 1916. But, the further Communication promised by the Govt. of India about its Constitution &c has not yet been received. Instructions are therefore solicited as to whether the Residency may be reminded about it. A draft-letter is placed in the file.

MRS
17.4.16. Perhaps it may suffice if the file is sent to the Secretary for information

17/4

5701
7.4.16

2 P.S.D

3

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

GPB—50,000—5-8-15

Dr
19/4/.

4
2

G.R.S. 13]

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

4 Note

Draft approved by the Secretary was issued as per verbal instructions of the Secty E&A

JMS
24-5-16 Hby

24/5 10/5

5 Letter No. PoC 1100 dated the 2nd May 16 from the 1st Asstt. Resident

Referring to the Govt. of India telegram dated the 28th March 16, requests that the views of the Govt. of India may be communicated by about the 3rd week of May 16.

6 Letter No 3487 dated the 18th May 16 from the 1st Asstt. Resident.

Stud

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

GPB—50,000—5-8-15

5850

3 5/2

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. | of 191 .

Serial No.

States that the Govt of India have telegraphed that the opinion of the Madras Govt is being forwarded suggesting further Consultation with the Madras University and that the Govt of India concur in that opinion and Commend it for the Consideration of the Durbar, and that a further Communication will be made as soon as possible.

7 Secretary's order recorded on the letter :-

"Submit to 1st Member"

(Sd.) P. G. D.

8 Submitted.

MMS 19/5/16 (First Member)

116 19.5.16

9 Please submit this letter Durbar at once 19/5 Sd 19/5

An advance copy of the Madras opinion may be asked for & sent in Cont. of the letter already sent 19/5

10 The Durbar has written to Raja Sahib asking for an advance copy - He has already seen the letter 1st Member 15/5/16

Note File taken back MMS 19/5

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—70,000—17-12-15

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. 90 of 1915.

Serial No.	
11	With D/S.N file 20/5/16 Devan
6237 20.5.16	12 A copy of the letter has already been sub separately to His Highness.
	Spl 23/5
	13 file - Ur 24/5
	14 Letter No. 6-C dated the 26th May 1916 from the 1st Assistt. to the Honble the Resident in Mysore. Forwards copy of letter from the Govt of Madras to the Govt of India enclosing a copy of letter from the Registrar of the Madras University Communicating the views of the Syndicate on the Draft Scheme and adds that the Govt of India concur in the opinion expressed by the Madras Govt and commend it to the Durbar for their careful consideration. Submitted. The letter is sub for perusal file 8/6/16 Secretary 8/6/16 2nd Member Seen. 10.6.16.
955 11-6-16	

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—70,000—17-12-15

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. of 191 .

Serial No.

Leer - 14/6/16

12/16

Letter No 1276 dated the 24th June 1916 to the Joint-Assistant Resident.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—70,000—17-12-15

8

5050

G.R.S. 13]

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

I submit herewith for information a letter I just received from the Residency on the University - I have sent a copy to the Dewan. As we have fallen in with most of the suggestions of the Madras University I do not think that any difficulties need be anticipated requiring the intervention of the Govt of India. Perhaps no reply is needed at this stage

1st member 28/6/16

Dewan 28/6/16.

No action appears necessary on this letter

28/6.

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

6842
29.6.16

GPB—10,000—10-6-14

No pol 1100 dt 2-5-16. 9

To

The First Assistant to the Hon'ble
the Resident in Mysore.

Sir,

I am directed to invite your attention to Telegram No.286/Edn. dated the 28th March 1916 from the Government of India in the Department of Education, communicated to the Dewan of Mysore with Mr.P.E.Warburton's letter No.2204 of the 29th idem, conveying their approval to the introduction of the Mysore University and promising a further communication as regards its constitution and certain other points, and to state that it would greatly facilitate matters if the communication referred to is sent ~~to them~~ kindly as early as may be convenient.

2. The preparations for the new University are well in hand and the Durbar have arranged to start classes under the scheme from the 1st of July next. The Durbar would esteem it a great favour if the Government of India are pleased to communicate their views by about the third week of May.

I have, &c.,

Secretary to Government,
Depts. of Edn. & Agri.
2/5/16

10

No. 3484.

Rel 225 & D 18.5.16

FROM

MAJOR T. H. ST. GEORGE TUCKER,
FIRST ASSISTANT TO THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

To

The Dewan of Mysore.

Dated Bangalore, 18th May 1916.

SIR,

With reference to Mr. D'Souza's letter No. 1100 Pol., dated the 2nd May 1916, regarding the Mysore University, I am directed to state that the Government of India have trlegraphed that the opinion of the Government of Madras is being forwarded, suggesting further consultation with the Madras University and that the Government of India concur in that opinion and commend it for the consideration of the Durbar.

2. A further communication will be made to you as soon as possible.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

T. St. G. Tucker.

First Assistant Resident.

R. O. 2.—R. P. B.—4-1916.—1,000

11

No. 6-C, Enc 2

FROM

MAJOR T. H. ST. GEORGE TUCKER,
FIRST ASSISTANT TO THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

To

The Dewan of Mysore.

Cotacamund
Dated ~~Bangalore~~, 26th May 1916.

SIR,

In continuation of my letter No. 5487, dated the 10th May 1916, regarding the Mysore University, I am directed to forward a copy of a letter No. 468, dated the 30th April 1916, from the Government of Madras, to the Government of India, enclosing a copy of a letter No. 2430, dated the 30th March 1916, from the Registrar of the Madras University, communicating the views of its Syndicate on the draft scheme for the Mysore University. It will be seen that the Government of Madras is of opinion that, even should postponement be involved, full consultation between the Durbar and the Madras University on the important matters of principle mentioned by the Syndicate, should precede the establishment of the University.

2. I am to repeat that the Government of India concur in the opinion expressed by the Madras Government and commend it to the Durbar for their careful consideration.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

T. H. St. G. Tucker.
First Assistant Resident.

R. O. 2.—R. P. B.—4-1916.—1,000

Copy of a letter No. 468, dated the 30th April 1916, from the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Educational Department, to the Secretary to the - - Government of India, Department of Education.

With reference to your letter dated 28th February and the subsequent telegraphic correspondence, I am to forward a copy of a letter dated the 30th March from the Registrar of the Madras University communicating the views of its Syndicate on the draft scheme for a University in Mysore to which your letter under reply referred.

2. In the first place I am to say that His Excellency the Governor in Council feels constrained to endorse the representations of the Syndicate regarding the inadequacy of the time which has been given for the consideration of a scheme which must intimately affect the Madras University. Moreover, the interests of education in general in this Presidency cannot be divorced from those of the University, and however natural and even commendable may be the desire of the Mysore Durbar to inaugurate without delay their scheme, it was hardly open to this Government to express a precipitate and uncritical approval in a matter vitally affecting those interests.

3. The Governor in Council is in entire agreement with the Syndicate that the establishment of an efficient Univer ity in Mysore would be a benefit to education in this Presidency and he can only regret that neither he nor the Syndicate were consulted regarding a project which for its successful initiation and future welfare will require their active co-operation and a cordial understanding between the governing bodies of the two Universities. Had the Durbar at the inception of the scheme

seen

seem fit to adopt that attitude of frank and friendly consultation which His Excellency in Council hopes will characterise future relations, considerable delay would have been avoided and also the risk of possible misunderstanding. The Durbar may be in a position to meet the criticisms contained in the Syndicate's letter or to - - allay its apprehensions, but at this stage His Excellency in Council can merely recommend them to the careful consideration of the Government of India. Time has not permitted of an exhaustive examination of the whole scheme, but there are certain points on which it is essential in his opinion that the views of the Syndicate should be met and he would venture to suggest that the Durbar be advised to take immediate steps to consult it with regard to them. The arrangements for the transition period, the rules - - regarding the admission of students from the Madras Presidency and the guarantees for the maintenance of a - - standard of efficiency in the new University which would justify reciprocity, are subjects upon which it seems that the Madras University may properly claim to be consulted. Accordingly the Governor in Council trusts that this course will be adopted and that full consideration will also be given to the other representations of the Syndicate. He is confident that these have been made solely in the interests of education in this part of India and in a spirit of good will towards an understanding which if conducted on sound and enlightened principles should undoubtedly justify the expectations of its promoters.

4. In conclusion therefore I am to say that the Governor in Council is of opinion that, even should postponement be involved, full consultation between the - - Durbar and the Madras University on the important matters of principle mentioned by the Syndicate should precede the establishment of the University.

14

Copy of letter from the Registrar, University of Madras, No. 1430, dated the 30th March 1916.

With reference to your D.O. No. 785-1, Educational, dated 7th March 1916, I am directed by the Vice- Chancellor to communicate the following observations on the draft scheme for a University in Mysore.

2. The Syndicate feel bound in the first place to state that the time allowed now to study the Mysore - - Scheme is too short to admit of all its implications being fully grasped and its potentialities for good or evil realised. The reason given for starting the New University next July - to save another academic year - is they submit wholly inadequate. It is moreover practically impossible that the Durbar will be able to secure satisfactory new Professors during the War or for some time after it, and highly improbable that the selected High Schools will be properly staffed and equipped by July next for the pre-University courses, on the due - - carrying out of which the University's success so much depends.

3. The Syndicate further venture to remark upon the manner in which the Madras University has been kept in the dark as to the inception and development of this scheme. Mr. Sharp notes that in the original draft there was "an under current of complaint against the Madras University." The Syndicate is quite unaware of any reason for such a tone. Much of the present efficiency of the Mysore colleges is the result of pressure brought to bear from Madras. Since the University reorganisation the Syndicate has used its powers to secure the representation on it of Mysore. These matters are not now alluded to because Mysore's desire for a separate University has - -

created

15

created any soreness, but because it is a fact that the Mysore authorities would have done better to take the Syndicate into their confidence in framing their scheme. The Syndicate by no means resents the idea of a Mysore University differing in important respects from their own; but they think that they could have given very useful help in Mysore particularly in devising means by - - which the separation of the new University from the old could have been effected with the minimum of disturbance and inconvenience to both. The transition, arrangements detailed in the Mysore scheme, for instance, take a good deal for granted on the part of Madras. In particular it is assumed that we shall be willing to admit to our examination students who have completed their courses in colleges no longer under our control, or we shall have to admit the anomaly of a college being at the same time part of one University and affiliated to another.

4. The Syndicate further submit that at leasst as elaborate precautions ought to be taken in founding a University as are prescribed in the University Act for the affiliation of a college. Under that Act this can only be done after a local enquiry and a thorough sifting of the statements of the management. This new University is to be constituted without any such enquiry. Mr. Sharp disclaims knowledge of local conditions - and on the bare statements of the Durbar on such vital matters, as their ability to supply adequate funds or that the funds they can supply will be adequate and their intention to secure a suitable staff. It is not of course suggested that the affiliation procedure can be followed in detail but a local enquiry by a small imperial committee seems possible and the representation of this University on such a committee would probably be convenient.

5. The precise question addressed by the Government of India to the Government of Madras is whether that

Government "see any reason to dissent from the general attitude which the Government of India propose to adopt in the matters"; and that attitude would appear to be that the scheme may be approved "if it presents no outstanding features likely to lead to inefficiency". The Syndicate have carefully considered the scheme from this point of view, since they are of opinion that the establishment of an efficient University in Mysore would promote the best interests of the University of Madras.

6. In forming an estimate of the degree of efficiency that the proposed University may be expected to attain they have been greatly helped by Mr. Sharp's note with the recommendations of which they find themselves in almost complete agreement and in the second paragraph of which they see indications of the misgiving that they themselves cannot but feel. It will be observed that the Durbar states that "the entire scheme has now been revised and remodelled" in the light of Mr. Sharp's criticism and suggestions". The Syndicate cannot be sure in the absence of a copy of the original draft, how far the revision has gone. But they observe that in some important particulars Mr. Sharp's suggestions have not been accepted.

7. The University is to be of the federal type which Mr. Sharp strongly advised that its work should be concentrated at Bangalore. The Syndicate notes that the Government of India have accepted as inevitable the retention of the two colleges, separated by a distance of 80 miles, but they consider that the proposal to confine one to science and the other to arts is unfortunate as being opposed to the very idea of a University which -- implies the gathering together in one place of students and teachers interested in a diversity of subjects.

8. Mr. Sharp's paragraph 24 (iv) on the relation

17

to High Schools contains a very important statement of principles. The Durbar apparently accept these principles. They intend to preserve their Secondary School-leaving certificate system and to use it indirectly as a test of fitness for University studies. They mean however to attach ~~fitness~~ to some half dozen High Schools additional classes which will be preparatory to the University. This is approved by the Government of India as " a postponement of the entrance of students upon University courses" but it appears to the Syndicate that so far as the selected schools are concerned it tends to obliterate that clear division between University and school organization to which they believe the Government of India attach great importance. It is further to be noted that these are six schools out of only fourteen English schools for boys in Mysore and it is not very probable that the pre-University classes will be permanently limited to six and that in consequence the proposed arrangement is likely to lead to the subordination of English Secondary education in the State to University requirements.

9. It would appear that in the original draft the functions of the senate were not defined and Mr. Sharp assumed that it would be an advisory body. It now appears that it is to legislate and is to deal with University curricula, a function which in the Syndicate's view -- ought to be discharged by experts. He further remarks that one-third of it may consist of lay members. The draft scheme confirms this, but it contains no sort of guarantee that the porportion of lay members will be limited to one-third. It is true that Faculties and Boards presumably Boards of Students are to be instituted but this very important part of University organization is discussed in two short paragraphs page (14) and no indication is given as to how the Faculties and Boards are to be constituted nor by what authority they are to be appointed.

10. The Syndicate concurs with Mr. Sharp in commending the appointment of a salaried Vice-Chancellor. They would have particularly welcomed a declaration by the Durbar that it was intended to select for this important post a gentleman of high academic distinction and wide experience of the work of European and Indian Universities. It is clear that the University may be very much what the Vice-Chancellor makes it and that qualifications -- short of these will not ensure an adequate discharge of his duties.

11. All these matters do not directly concern the University of Madras although they are very impprtant from the point of view of the efficiency of the new University. There are however certain other points which touch directly and immediately the interests of this University and a right decision as to which is essential for the future progress of higher education in South India.

12. There is in the first place the question of equality of standard of degrees with that of other Universities and particularly of Madras. The Durbar has declared its intention to maintain a high standard; and the Syndicate does not wish to throw doubt on the excellence of the Durbar's intentions. They feel, however, that such precautions as are possible should be taken against the possibility of the University's gradually -- declining from the high ideal of its original promoters. To this it may be answered that a University that gives an inferior degree must inevitably suffer for it, and that degrees find their own level of value. This may be so in the long run but at very great cost to the holders of them who in most cases have pursued the only courses of study open to them. It is surely worth while to take all precautions possible to ensure Mysore against a lowering of standards. So far no provision is to be found in the draft scheme making in this direction except the

statement that some examiners will be appointed from outside and as a set off to this it will be observed that no candidate will be considered to have failed in any subject except with the concurrence of at least two examiners. Apparently therefore a single examiner will be allowed to pass candidates in any subject.

13. Mr. Sharp suggests occasional inspection by a Commission appointed by the Government of India and this was apparently accepted by Sir M. Visvesvaraya. There is no allusion to any such outside supervision over the University's affairs in the draft scheme. The Syndicate would suggest the further investigation of this important suggestion with a view perhaps to the constitution of a small board of visitors authorised to report periodically to the Durbar and the Government of India on the state and progress of the University. Such a board might be expected to be of great assistance to the Durbar, not only in aiding it in maintaining its examination standard but in generally promoting the efficiency of the University.

14. It is presumed that the territorial limits of the University will be the State of Mysore, but there is little in the draft scheme indicative of the Durbar's attitude towards the question of the admission of student from outside the State. Mr. Sharp has discussed this question, and it is clear that it is one that nearly concerns this University and the Government of Madras. It would be disastrous alike for Mysore and Madras if students were attracted in any large number by low fees and easy examinations to join Mysore colleges only to leave them with degrees which they found were little esteemed in other provinces. As already mentioned, it is hoped that the lure of easy examinations will not be held out, but that of low fess certainly will be. College fees are in Mysore hardly more than half the minimum in Madras Colleges. The draft says nothing about examination fees;

it

it is probable that it is not intended to charge any as the examiners will be largely the University Staff.

15. No doubt, so long as instruction in the vernaculars is confined to Canarese, it will be difficult, if not impossible, for many Madras students with other vernaculars to resort to Mysore, but Madras has a considerable Canarese population in tracts within easy reach of Mysore. What, however, is more important is that the draft scheme expressly states that other languages will be introduced later on if found necessary and it may be safely assumed that this will be very soon found necessary.

The Syndicate considers that the admission of outside students should be made subject to definite rules. The draft lays down that students who have taken Secondary School-leaving Certificates in Mysore and after studying for an additional year in a selected High School have - - passed ~~for~~ an admission examination should ordinarily be admitted to the University, but they have made provision also for the admission of such as have not gone through this course and it must be admitted that if the rules are strictly observed Madras students will gain no advantage in point of time by going to Mysore after completing a school course in this Presidency. This negative check the Syndicate considers hardly sufficient and they commend for adoption Mr. Sharp's suggestion that the proportion of outside students be limited and that there should be a differential rate of fees for such students.

16. The Syndicate note that the Government of India place on the new University the onus of obtaining acceptance from other Universities and Governments of its - - degrees. They cannot of course at this stage say that the Madras University may be able to do in this direction but they would point out certain practical difficulties

that

that will arise at the outset. Candidates for Madras degrees in Medicine and Engineering must have passed the Intermediate Examination of ~~the~~ this University or some examination considered equivalent. The Mysore scheme contains no examination in any way comparable to our Intermediate although it appears to be thought that the first year's examination which in English will be."practically public" will serve our turn. If we are unable to take this view Mysore students who aspire to Madras degrees in these faculties will be at a considerable disadvantage and Mysore is likely to be early confronted with the inconvenience of having a University with so restricted a number of faculties.

We shall also no doubt be asked to accept the Arts degree as a qualification for entering on our course in law. It would be premature to express any opinion as to our ability to do so but these considerations again suggest the advisability or some co-operation between the Mysore authorities and the University in framing the University Regulation.

17. In conclusion it is the deliberate opinion of the Syndicate based on no inconsiderable knowledge of educational conditions in Mysore that the probable result of Mysore establishing a University in the State free from all outside control or even effective criticism will be detrimental to educational progress and efficiency in the State itself and may ~~be~~ react very unfavourably on those neighbouring provinces.

Copy.

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. | of 191 .

Serial No.

22

PRIVATE SECRETARY TO THE DEWAN · MYSORE ·

ANANDASRAM,
FERNHILL,
NILGIRIS.

27 May 1946.

Dear Mr D'Souza

I Enclose herewith, in original, the Residency Communication about the Views of the Madras University and the Madras Govt on our University Scheme. The Dewan will be obliged if you will kindly submit the papers for the information of the Hon'ble Members of Council.

The Dewan asks me to add that he

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—70,000—17-12-15

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. of 191 .

Serial No.

23

has arranged with the Vice-Chancellor of the Madras University for an informal discussion on the points raised by that body and he will probably also discuss them with the highest officers of the Madras Govt. He therefore thinks that you need not trouble to take any action in the matter. Communication will take you here again. He trusts that our preparations are going ahead for opening the classes on 1st July next. There will be no difficulty about this.

I have sent a reply to your telegram of yesterday about printing the abstract of proceedings & subjects for the Conf^e. The whole trouble was

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—70,000—17-12-15

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. of 191 .

Serial No.

that they were receiving late. I have 94
sent with today's messenger the
proof copy with a few verbal corrections
by the Diwan.

We are returning on the evening
of the 2nd prox.

Yours Sincerely

S Vinayakrao

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

No 1276 Dy 24.6.16
Enclosures

To

The First Assistant to the
Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.

Sir,

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, No.6- C. dated the 26th May 1916, conveying certain -- suggestions from the Government of India, together with its enclosures which contain the views of the Government of .. Madras and of the Syndicate of the Madras University on the draft scheme for the -- Mysore University.

2. Acting on the approval kindly accorded by the Government of India to the introduction of a University, the Durbar appointed a Committee consisting of the principal educational and other officers of the State for revising the draft scheme and elaborating all necessary details, with a view to start work on the new University from 1st July 1916.

Sd Lay allen P.S. D'Souza.

3. The Residency letter forwarding the communications from the Madras Goverr ment and the Madras University was received on the 27th May 1916, that is, less than five weeks before the date -- fixed for commencing work on the new Uni- sity.

As the academic year begins on the 1st

1st July, the inauguration of the University could not be postponed without sacrificing another whole year. In these circumstances, His Excellency the Chancellor of the Madras University was approached by the Hon'ble the Resident at the instance of the Durbar, and His Excellency was kind enough to arrange for an informal discussion, in his presence, at a meeting held at Govt House at Ootacamund on the 31st May 1916, at which the Vice-Chancellor and the leading representatives of the Madras University, the Hon'ble the Resident and the Dewan were present.

4. All the questions raised in the letters of the Madras Government and the Madras University as well as others bearing on the future relationship between the two Universities were frankly discussed at the meeting and as a result of those discussions, certain suggestions have since been informally communicated to the Durbar on behalf of the Madras University. The Durbar, with a view to meet the wishes of Madras, as far as possible, have accepted all of them save ~~the~~ one which relates to the University Entrance Class.

The representatives of Madras seemed to have no objection to the Durbar starting work on the new University from 1st July 1916, ~~as we~~ the Durbar were definitely informed that ~~they had~~ there would be no objection to the starting of ~~our~~ the second year's B.A. course -- from

27

from that date. The representatives of Madras, however, suggested, ~~They suggested, however,~~ the postponement for another year of the University Entrance Class and the first year's B.A.class mainly, as it seemed, with a view to further discussion of details of the courses leading up to the examination at the end of the first B.A. class. The Durbar have agreed to postpone the first year's class for another year and this will give sufficient time for ~~the~~ further discussion ~~of details, should such discussion be considered necessary.~~ considered necessary, ~~considered necessary~~.

The Durbar have arranged to start the University Entrance Class from 1st July next as postponement of that class seemed undesirable; but to further meet the wishes of Madras, they have arranged to maintain for another year the corresponding class under the Madras University in one of the State Colleges for the benefit of students proceeding to professional courses at the end of the Intermediate examination.

5. The Durbar have also adopted the suggestion made by the Madras Government that the number of Madras students to be admitted into the Mysore University should be limited to ten per cent of the total number admitted and that, in their case, fees should be levied on the scale obtaining in the Madras Presidency College.

6. The draft scheme ~~has been~~ was published and

28

and ~~various representations and~~ suggestions, which were invited, have been received. As a rule these refer mainly to details. As regards the scheme itself, there is a singular unanimity of opinion in its favour.

7. The University Committee have carefully examined all the representations and submitted a report with a revised -- draft of a Bill and the Ordinances. The Bill is being introduced into the State Legislative Council and steps have been taken to provide the necessary staff and equipment to give effect to the scheme. Copies of the Bill and the Ordinances are hereto attached.

8. In these circumstances, I am to state for the information of the Government of India that further action is being taken for passing the University Bill into law and to commence work under the new University from the 1st week of July -- 1916. The negotiations with the Madras University will be pursued till a proper understanding is reached ~~on all out-standing questions~~.

9. The Durbar would esteem it a favou if the Hon'ble the Resident will kindly convey to His Excellency the Chancellor of the Madras University an expression of their gratitude for the interest and --

sympathy

29

sympathy shown by His Excellency with a view to arrive at a satisfactory settlement of these ~~questions~~ at issue. They also ~~wish~~ desire to acknowledge with their sincere thanks the active help they have received from the Hon'ble the Resident during the negotiations.

24.6.16

I have, etc.,

Offg.Secretary to Govt.,
Departments of
Education & Agriculture.

24/6/16

KNN.

30

No. 4520. DIARY No. 201

10-10
SEC 101
No.
No.

FROM

MAJOR T. H. ST. GEORGE TUCKER,
FIRST ASSISTANT TO THE ~~RESIDENT IN MYSORE~~.

To

P.G. d'Souza, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Education and Agriculture Departments.

Dated Bangalore, 28th June 1916.

SIR,

With reference to the correspondence on the subject of the draft scheme for the Mysore University ending with your letter No. 1276, dated the 24th instant, I am directed to make the following observations.

2. The Government of India, who have been kept in touch generally with the trend of the informal negotiations between the Government of Madras and the Durbar, but who have not yet received your letter cited above, have telegraphed to the Resident to the following effect in reply to Mr. Cobb's expressed hope that, in order to prevent the grave difficulties and inconveniences which might otherwise arise, the scheme may be proceeded with. They - the Government - are unable to say from the papers ~~far~~ so far supplied to them whether the transition proposals are satisfactory. If the Mysore Durbar are satisfied that partial non-acceptance of the suggestions of the Madras University will not prejudice the success of their -- scheme the Government of India have no objection to the ~~scheme~~ scheme being proceeded with as proposed. In this eventuality however, the Durbar will be acting on their own responsibility since

since the Government of India have not sufficient material to enable them to offer definite advice. If therefore difficulties arise hereafter owing to the manner in which the scheme has been somewhat hurriedly put through the responsibility will devolve upon the Durbar.

3. I am to add that as the Resident has been throughout in this matter in close personal touch with the Dewan of Mysore he feels it un-necessary to do more at the present moment than communicate to the Durbar the views of the Government of India in this important matter which will doubtless receive their close and careful consideration.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

T. S. S. Iyer.

First Assistant Resident.

KVA

32

Bombay House
Ootacamund,
26th June 1916.

Dear Sir Visvesvaraya,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th instant and its enclosures. I have communicated the contents to His Excellency the Governor. Without placing the matter before the Syndicate, it is not possible to say anything more than that I trust your proposals will be sympathetically considered.

I remain,
Yours sincerely,

P.S. Sivaswami Iyer.

Sir M. Visvesvaraya, K.C.I.E.,
Dewan of Mysore, Bangalore.

****

"C o p y"

C&R
3.7.16.

33
E

Submitted to His Highness.

I submit for information, copy of Residency letter No.2204 dated 29th March, enclosing copy of a telegram from the Government of India intimating the approval of the Government of India to the introduction of a University in Mysore.

M. Visvesvaraya

30th March 1913

VI

34

Record of Cases submitted for the Orders of His Highness the Maharaja

Subject.

Copy of Residency letter enclosing copy of a telegram from the Government of India conveying their approval to the introduction of a University in Mysore.

9/8

Order.

~~KRW~~

31/3/16

Lanhis

1.4.16

RO Done 4/4 Ar.